

# Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,207.

EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1799.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

**HURLOPHUSICON AND THAUMATURGICK EXHIBITION.**  
For the Twenty-first, Twenty-second, and Twenty-third Nights, In the Great Room first stage above the Tron Church, Will be represented  
On TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY,  
Being the 17th, 19th, and 21st December.  
Doors open at half after Six, and the operations begin each evening at Seven o'clock, and end at nine.  
Admission usual.  
Mr BOAZ, sensible there are many curious, many ingenious persons, desirous of seeing the perfection to which his astonishing arts are carried, and the many useful purposes to which they may be applied; and anxious, in short, to please the whole Public, and ambitious to gain on that occasion that general approbation which he has experienced on others, and sought on all; hereby respectfully acquaints the public, that every opportunity of satisfying their curiosity with a spectacle, which neither art or nature has produced again in a century. He therefore prays the true virtuous not to lose the present opportunity of seeing his wonderful, and he may say his miraculous, performances.  
N.B. The Exhibition will invariably continue every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, during the present month of December, and no longer.

**BRITISH STATE LOTTERY**  
BEGINS DRAWING IN LONDON, MARCH 3, 1800.  
In which are the following CAPITAL PRIZES, viz.  
2 Prizes of £. 30,000 4 Prizes of £. 5,000  
3 — 20,000 10 — 1,000  
3 — 10,000 &c. &c. &c.  
THE ORIGINAL TICKETS AND SHARES,  
IN HALVES, QUARTERS, EIGHTHS, AND SIXTEENTHS,  
Are on Sale, in variety of Numbers, at the Office  
of  
**SCOTT, SMITH, STEIN, AND CO.**  
ROYAL EXCHANGE, EDINBURGH,  
WHERE,  
In the TWENTY-THREE preceding STATE LOTTERIES, many of the CAPITAL PRIZES have been Sold.  
Ticket, L. 15 15 0  
Half, L. 8 2 0 Eighth, L. 2 10 0  
Quarter, L. 4 2 0 Sixteenth, L. 1 10 0  
Registering SIXPENCE each Number.  
Correct Numerical and Register Books kept, and Adventurers duly informed of their Success.  
The Holders of Prizes in former Lotteries, sold at this Office, will receive the value upon sending their Tickets.

**No. 4, CORNHILL, MANCHESTER, AND EDINBURGH.**  
THE Public are respectfully acquainted, THAT ENGLISH TICKETS and SHARES will RISE considerably before the Drawing, and as a Security to those who purchase early, T. BISH  
Engages to RETURN the difference in Price, or take back the Ticket (should the price be lower) on the day of Drawing than the present, by which means those who purchase early at his Office have the double Advantage. — They  
MAY GAIN BUT CANNOT LOSE.  
The Lottery this year is peculiarly ADVANTAGEOUS for the Public. SIXTY THOUSAND POUNDS may be gained for FIFTY SHILLINGS, and other Benefits in proportion, as will be seen by perusing the following  
GRAND SCHEME.  
2 Prizes of £. 30,000  
3 — 20,000  
4 — 10,000  
5 — 5,000  
6 — 2,000  
10 — 1,000  
10 — 500  
16,730 From £. 100 to 18  
First Drawn Ticket 20th Day 20,000  
First Drawn Ticket 26th Day 30,000  
Persons in the Country who wish to have ENGLISH TICKETS or SHARES, may be supplied the same as if Personally present, by sending Cash, Bank Notes, Post-Office Orders, or good Bills at short date, to  
No. 4, CORNHILL, LONDON,  
OR  
MURRAY & BAXTER,  
AT THE  
BRITISH FIRE-OFFICE, EDINBURGH.  
Tickets and Shares are selling at the above Old Established Offices, in great variety. — Schemes Gratis, and the Money for the PRIZES PAID ON DEMAND.

**FISHING VESSELS AND MATERIALS.**  
To be SOLD by public roup, on Tuesday the 24th December, at twelve o'clock noon,  
TWO Flemish Fishing Vessels, the BLACK-AMORE and DE LUSH, with their Masts, Sails, Cables, Anchors, &c.  
For further particulars apply to William Grinly, broker in Leith.  
Leith, Dec. 14, 1799.

For Black River, Savanna-la-Mar, Luca and Green Island, JAMAICA,  
The SHIP NEPTUNE, Captain BRADSHAW;  
AND  
For Rio Burno, Martha Brae, Montego Bay, Luca and Green Island  
The SHIP ELIZABETH, Capt. RASSIDE,  
Now lying in this harbour, and will sail with the first convoy from Cork, or second from England.  
For freight or passage apply to John Finlayson, Glasgow, or Campbell, Ruthven, & Co. here.  
CARPENTERS, 2 COOPERS, and 2 BLACKSMITHS,  
Greenock, December 8, 1799.

**SHIPS FOR SALE.**  
To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of John McKechnie, vintner in Greenock, on Friday the 22nd inst. betwixt the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,  
THE FOLLOWING VESSELS  
Belonging to the sequestered estate of A. and J. Robertson and Co. merchants, Greenock,  
The Ship Lady Shaw Stewart, burthen per register 202 72-94th tons.  
The Ship Canada, burthen per register 205 49-94th tons.  
The Brig Britannia, burthen per register 151 4-94th tons.  
Inventories to be seen by applying to Alexander Dunlop, merchant, Greenock, factor on the estate, who is ready to treat for the sale of any of these vessels by private bargain.  
GREENOCK, 3d December 1799.

**AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,**  
The Union Shipping Company's armed Smack, BERWICKSHIRE PACKET,  
JAMES LAWS Master,  
Will take in goods till Wednesday evening, at five o'clock, when she will sail.  
Union Shipping Company's Office, Leith, Dec. 16, 1799.

**AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,**  
The Old Shipping Company's Smack, LONDON AND BERWICK PACKET,  
JEREMIAH WARD Master,  
Will take in goods till this afternoon, at four o'clock, when she will sail.  
Old Shipping Company's Office, Leith, Dec. 16, 1799.

**ROYAL BANK STOCK.**  
To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday 8th January 1800, THIRTY SHARES of ROYAL BANK STOCK.—For particulars, apply to Mess. Guthrie and Wright, Argyle Square, Edinburgh.

**KELSO BRIDGE.**  
THE Trustees for building the said BRIDGE, having met on the 9th instant, in terms of the advertisement for that purpose, estimates of the expense of completing the Bridge were received from different undertakers for both situations. On a comparative view of these estimates, the Trustees resolved TO ABIDE BY THE HIGHER SITUATION, as most commodious for the Public, and attended with the least expense in making the approaches.

To afford time for further deliberation and advice upon the subject, the Trustees adjourned to Monday the 23d of December current, when they are again to meet at the Cross Keys, Kelso, at 12 o'clock, to determine which of the Undertakers are to be employed to execute the work; and to take such other steps as shall then appear necessary.  
Subscriptions, either as donations, or in terms upon the Plan, continue to be received by Mr POTTS, Jedburgh; Mr MERCER, Melrose; Mr WILLIAM ELLIOT, Hawick; and Mr SMITH, at Kelso, who will show the design and other relative drawings to any Gentleman who will take the trouble to call upon him. The Fund at present stands as under:—

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| Amount of Subscriptions formerly published                                   | L. 837 3 |
| Mr Adam Walker, Melrose  | 50 0     |
| Major Rutherford of Edgerston  | 200 0    |
| Andrew Douglas, Esq. London  | 100 0    |
| Mr David Hogarth, Gramslaw   | 50 0     |
| Mr James Hogarth, Bailieknow, a donation                                     | 10 10    |
| Mr David Hogarth, Fairburn-mill, ditto                                       | 10 10    |
| Mr Nisbet, Redden  | 50 0     |
| Mr Watson's Hospital, Edinburgh  | 100 0    |
| Miss Turner, Kelso, a donation   | 5 5      |
| Ditto for Miss Cogan, ditto  | 5 5      |
| Honourable Colonel Forbes of Crailing, ditto                                 | 50 0     |
| Mr George Trotter, Kerchester  | 50 0     |
| Merchant Hospital, Edinburgh   | 150 0    |
| Mr Boyd of Cherrytree  | 100 0    |
| Mr William Falconer, Glasgow   | 50 0     |
| Mr John Culbertson, Crookedshaws   | 50 0     |
| Mr Andrew Burns, Burnfoot  | 10 0     |
| Mr William Pringle, Southerly  | 50 0     |
| Mr Andrew Pringle, Antburn, a donation                                       | 20 0     |
| Mr George Turnbull, West Grange  | 50 0     |
| Mr John Boyd, Roxburgh   | 50 0     |
| Mr Carr of Cavers  | 50 0     |
| Mr John Pasley, merchant in London   | 50 0     |
| Rev. Mr Lundie, Kelso, a donation  | 10 10    |
| Mr John Stuart, Ednam, and Mr John Bruce, Sprouton                           | 50 0     |
| Mr Stuart, besides the above, a donation of His Grace the Duke of Buccleugh, | 500 0    |

As it appears from the Estimates given in to the Trustees, that a considerable sum will still be wanted to complete the Work, it is respectfully requested that such Gentlemen as incline to contribute, will do so as soon as possible.  
Kelso, December 11, 1799.

**IRONMONGERY IN GENERAL, SMITH WORK & ALL KINDS OF IRON CASTINGS.**  
ROD, ROLL'D, BAR IRON AND STEEL.  
JAMES SWORD and Co. Cumberland Buildings, Glasgow, have, of late, made sundry additions to their Works, which enable them to supply their Friends and the Public more generally than heretofore, and whose countenance they now respectfully solicit.

J. SWORD and Co. want, at present, a few Tradesmen of the following description:—  
Flat and Hollow Sand Moulders.  
Locksmiths, common and fine.  
A Fireman, who thoroughly understands working a Coal-pole.  
A Complete Bell Hanger; also a Person who understands Filling up Stair Railing.  
A considerable number of Nallers, and a few Boys to bind as Apprentices.  
One or Two Young Men, having had some practice in an Ironmonger's Shop.  
Good Tradesmen, of the above description, will meet with suitable encouragement; (the working shops are cheerful and convenient, inferior to none any where) and to such as have families residing at a distance, a sum will be given, gratis, for defraying the expense of their removal.

**GROUND AT THE SOUTH END OF THE SOUTH BRIDGE, EDINBURGH, TO BE FEUED.**  
There are to be FEUED, for building on,  
ABOUT THREE SCOTS ACRES OF GROUND, formerly belonging to the Duke of Roxburgh. This ground is immediately to the east of Dr MORRO'S Property, the North Front of it forming a continuation of Drummond Street.

The very central situation of this property, its being free from the burdens payable by houses within the royalty of the city of Edinburgh, and the other well-known advantages attending it, render it the most desirable situation for houses in or about Edinburgh.  
Apply to Francis Broadwood, South Bridge Street, or James Gibson, W.S. who will show the plan upon which the ground is to be feued, and inform as to other particulars.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 8th day of January next 1800, between the hours of two and three afternoon,  
ALL THE HOUSES AND GARDEN in the Village of Libertonkirke, the property of the deceased Mr James Monlawa. The houses are in good repair; the Garden is stocked with Fruit Trees, and there is a Well in the garden; and the title-deeds are perfectly clear. The whole is under lease till Candlemas and Whitsunday next, for the yearly rent of 171.10s.1 and holds of a subject superior for a trifling feu-duty. The property, lying within two miles of Edinburgh, in a pleasant part of the country, would afford an excellent site for a Dwelling-House to a genteel family.  
The title-deeds are in the hands of John Jeffrey, writer, No. 32, Prince's Street, Edinburgh, to whom intending purchasers may apply.

**HOUSE IN BUCCLEUGH PLACE,**  
To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, on Thursday the 16th day of January, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,  
THAT HOUSE, No. 15, possessed by Mrs Crawford, consisting of a lobby, dining-room, drawing-room, and three other rooms upon the parlour flat, and of four rooms, kitchen, and passage on the ground or sunk flat, with two cellars under the pavement, and a piece of ground behind. The house is set for two years after Whitsunday, at the rent of 481.— There are also a coach house and stable belonging to the premises, but which are set separately till Whitsunday next, and pay rent in addition to the above.  
The premises belonged to the late Andrew Elliot, Esq. and were fitted up by him in a superior style.  
For particulars apply to Robert Trotter, Esq. W. S.

**A HOUSE IN WARDROP'S COURT.**  
For Sale by public roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 18th day of December next, at two o'clock P.M.  
THAT HOUSE lately possessed by Mr McRitchie, writer, consisting of five rooms, one bed closet, kitchen, garret room, and two cellars.  
It is presently occupied by the Commissioners of Income, and has an entrance both from Wardrop's Court, and the Earthen Mound. The situation is central, and improving in value, and the present rent is 251.  
For particulars apply to Mess. Gibson & Oliphant, W. S.

On Wednesday next will be Published, Embellished with  
A MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR IN M.DCCXCIX.

**UNIVERSAL SCOTS ALMANACK, FOR THE YEAR M.DCCC.**  
Commissions, addressed to R. ALLAN, Publisher of the CALEDONIAN MERCURY, Fish-market, will be properly attended to.  
Booksellers in the West Country will be supplied by J. and M. ROBERTSON, Booksellers, Glasgow.

**AUCTION OF BOOKS, AND CURIOSITIES OF NATURAL HISTORY.**  
On Tuesday the 17th, and Wednesday the 18th, will be Sold in ROSS'S SALE-ROOM, second Stair above the Tron Church,  
A Choice COLLECTION of MEDICAL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, CURIOSITIES of NATURAL HISTORY, &c. being the Library of an eminent Physician in the Country, lately deceased.

The Miscellaneous Books will be sold on Tuesday—the Medical Books and Curiosities will be sold on Wednesday. Catalogues to be had at the Shop of R. ROSS, Bookseller, Lawnmarket, and at the Sale-room.  
The sale to commence at six o'clock precisely.—The Books, &c. to be viewed from twelve to three o'clock on the days of sale.

**WILLIAM ALLAN, No. 7, SOUTH BRIDGE,**  
RESPECTFULLY acquaints his Friends and the Public, that his Assortment of Goods for the Season, is very extensive and complete. He would particularly recommend the following to their notice.  
Black Modes, Laces, and Thread Edgings, considerably lower than for some time past.  
London Printed Calicoes and Muslins, a beautiful Choice.  
Coloured Velvets for Bonnets, Chip and Straw Hats, Flowers and feathers.  
Dimitties, Silk and Cotton Hose, Muffs, and Fur Trimmings.  
India Muslins of every description, by the whole or half piece. Great Bargains.

**NEW CORDAGE FOR SALE.**  
To be SOLD by public roup, at the warehouse of Charles Cowan and Co. Leith, on Thursday the 19th December current, at twelve o'clock noon,  
ABOUT Two and a Half Tons of new and well-manufactured TAR'D CORDAGE, from one and a fourth to four and a fourth inches, which will be expied in whole or in lots, as intending purchasers may incline.  
The cordage may be seen on applying as above, and samples thereof lie with Archibald McGuffie, Elg. Greenock.

**BONHILL PRINTFIELD.**  
To be SOLD by public roup, within the Black Bull Inn, Glasgow, on Monday the 3d of February next, at one o'clock.  
THE PRINTFIELD of BONHILL, with the whole Grounds, Houses, Machinery, and Utensils of the same, belonging to Messrs. Orr, Kibble, Furster, and Company, situated on the water of Leven, in the parish of Bonhill, and county of Dumbarton.  
Every necessary information may be had on application to Mr Forster, at the Company's warehouse in Glasgow; and Thomas Falconer, writer, who will show the progress of writs, and articles of sale.

**TO THE ASTHMATIC AND CONSUMPTIVE, AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH COUGHS AND COLDS.**  
Cundell's Improved Balsam of Honey.  
Prepared only by  
HENRY CUNDELL, CHYMIST AND DRUGGIST, No. 47, MINORIES, LONDON.  
SANCIONED by the public approbation, encouraged by an extensive sale, and convinced of its peculiar safety and unequalled efficacy, the Proprietor has the satisfaction to announce his having recovered many persons from a most precarious and dangerous state of health, and that in cases where those who have been most sanguine in their expectations have positively forsaken their hopes of relief.  
COMMON COLDS,  
this Medicine produces so salutary a perspiration, that they generally are eradicated in a few hours.  
Coughing, being prolonged by that convulsive symptom termed the tickling in the throat, it shortens their duration by promoting sleep, and strengthens the constitution.  
PULMONARY COMPLAINTS,  
affecting the Breath and Lungs; those affected with them experience an almost immediate relief.  
ASTHMA AND CONFIRMED CONSUMPTIONS  
have repeatedly subsided through its effects on the constitution.  
Too much cannot be said in its favour; but what proves its innocence as well as virtue is, that infants in  
THE HOOPING COUGH,  
and Women during Pregnancy, may take it without the least fear of danger, and with the greatest expectation of relief, nor can it be administered in an improper season.  
CUNDELL'S IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY  
is grateful to the stomach, vivifying to the spirits, and so powerful a restorative, that its happy effects are unparalleled in the Annals of Medicine—truths that are confirmed by the testimony of the afflicted themselves, who have gratefully and generously stood forward in support of this Medicine.  
Sold in bottles of 11. 6d.—5s.—3s.—and 2s. 6d.

**J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, South Bridge, Edinburgh.**  
J. Menzies, Glasgow.  
A. McDonald, Glasgow.  
Morison and Son, Perth.  
J. Allen, Dundee.  
J. Anderson, Aberdeen.  
Tho. Wright, Stirling.  
J. Byth, Leven.  
R. Dickson, Dumfries.  
A. Barry, Paisley.  
P. Craigie, Montrose.  
J. Palmer, Kelso.  
J. Dempster, Cupar.

**CAUTION.**  
The Public are particularly requested to ask for CUNDELL'S IMPROVED BALSAM OF HONEY, and none can be genuine but what are signed by him at the bottom of each Pamphlet.

**TO THE AFFLICTED WITH RHEUMATISMS.**  
BLACK'S CHEMICAL RHEUMATIC PILLS.  
These Pills are a most certain remedy for Rheumatism, either externally or internally. The following is one of the many cases effectually cured by this medicine, viz.  
To Mr ALEXANDER BLACK, Chymist and Apothecary, Edinburgh.  
Sir, My mother, AMELIA WALLACE, was, upon the 12th of February last, seized with violent Rheumatism over her whole body, attended with much fever, which rendered her utterly incapable to walk or stir her arm for a considerable time: Her left arm continued very bad, that she was unable to move it in any manner whatever.  
After using many of the most approved remedies to no purpose, she was advised to make trial of a box of your Rheumatic Pills, which she began to take in the end of April last. She soon began to derive considerable benefit from them, and purified in a remedy that seemed to prove so very efficacious. After taking two boxes more, she is now, by the blessing of God, restored to her wonted health.  
I attribute the cure, under Divine Providence, to your Pills, and I hope you will make this use for the benefit of those who may be afflicted with the like severe complaints.  
I am, Sir, your most humble servant,  
Balbirney, Fife-shire, 7th October 1799. GEORGE WALLACE.  
We attest that the above is true, JOHN THOMSON, Minister. GEORGE PERKIN, } Elders. GEORGE LOW, }

**THE BOTANICAL SYRUP, AND RESTORATIVE NERVOUS CORDIAL.**  
To be had at the Doctor's House, No. 9 Albion Street, in bottles at 12s. 6d. and 5s. 6d.—and by  
J. BAXTER, South Bridge, Edinburgh;  
J. Menzies, Glasgow; J. Chalmers, Aberdeen.

**OLD OATS FOR SALE.**  
WILLIAM & ROBERT MOWBRAY have for SALE a Quantity of MECKLENBURG OLD OATS, of an uncommon good quality.  
Leith, December 16, 1799.

**A CLERK WANTED.**  
None need apply but such as have been regularly bred to business, and are fully qualified to discharge all the duties of such an appointment.  
Applications in writing, containing the necessary particulars, and proper references as to character, &c. may be addressed to A. R. and left with the waiter at the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

**EXCHEQUER CHAMBERS, EDINBURGH.**  
18th June, 1799.  
BY Order of the Board, intimation is hereby given, that John Crombie, wig-maker, Patrick Simpson, James Thomson, merchants, Alexander Crombie, advocate, and others, all in Aberdeen, have applied for a gift of *affidavit* of the estate and effects of George Strachan, writer in Aberdeen, eldest son of George Strachan, shoemaker there.

**TO THE CREDITORS OF**  
ARTHUR BUCHANAN, Tenant in Kirkcaldie.  
WILLIAM SCOTT MONCRIEFF, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee upon the sequestrated estate of the said Arthur Buchanan, requests a meeting of the said Creditors, in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th December next, at 12 o'clock noon, when matters of importance will be laid before them.

**JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN THE SHIRE OF WIGTON**  
To be SOLD by public roup, within the New Session House of Edinburgh, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, on Wednesday the 18th of December 1799, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, in whole or in parcels,  
ALL and Whole the LANDS and ESTATE of AIRIES, consisting of the Forty-Shilling Land of Airies, and Forty Shilling Land of Knockbrake, with the teinds and pertinents, and Part of the Lands of Knockryan, all lying in the parish of Kirkcaldie, and shire of Wigton.  
The free rental of the lands, after paying all public burdens and feu-duties, is 498l. 16s. 1d. Sterling, and the upset price is 12,470l. 2s. 1d. Sterling, being only twenty-five years purchase, and all the lands are low rented.  
There is an heritable right to the teinds, which are also valued.

The lands hold feu of the Earl of Galloway, for payment of a feu-duty of 4l. yearly. They are remarkably well inclosed with stone fences.  
The title-deeds of the estate, which are clean and the articles of roup, are to be seen in the office of Mr Murray, deputy clerk of Session, and in the hands of Archibald Tod, W. S. to whom application may be made for further particulars.  
Mr William Ross, Stranraer, factor upon the estate, will show the lands.

**THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS.**  
By the King's Patent.  
MR R. JOHNSTON, Apothecary, No. 15, Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of established name, and anxious to preserve the integrity of the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to be infringed but to distinguish WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE OF MUSTARD from spurious imitations.  
Five years have now elapsed since Mr Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this short period its efficacy has been clearly demonstrated that its sale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with heartfelt satisfaction he has the happiness to declare WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE OF MUSTARD has cured more persons afflicted with Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach and other Painful Maladies, than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unqualified support and recommendation of the first families in the Kingdom.  
As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of direction of this original medicine are closely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully substituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common observation: Mr Johnston therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchase. Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, is prepared and sold, in Pills and in a fluid state, at 2s. 6d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnston, apothecary and chemist, No. 15, Green Street, Soho, London. It is distinguished from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the signature "R. Johnston," in his own hand-writing, on each label; sold also by his appointment, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38, North Bridge, Husband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Rieburn, and T. Spence, Edinburgh; Phorson, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixon, Dumfries; McIntosh & Co. Inverness; Craigie, Montrose; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Menzies and McDonald, Glasgow.

**CHILBLAINS.**  
N.B. The Fluid Essence immediately cures their tormenting thing, and will assuredly prevent them from breaking, every when turned quite black; and if used according to the directions will absolutely cure them by three or four applications.

From Mr SILVER, Druggist, Parade, Margate.  
To Dr BRODUM, No. 9, Albion Street.  
BY desire of the Lady I send you this Letter, that it may be published for the benefit of the Public.

SIR,  
About six years ago I received a severe fright, which threw me into violent fits, attended with head-ache, tremblings, palpitation of my heart, and loss of appetite, immoderate laughing or crying without any cause. I had the advice of several eminent Physicians in London, Bath, and Bristol, at which place I purchased your GOUT and OLD AGE, wherein I found some cases similar to mine, which inclined me to take your NERVOUS CORDIAL; and, with the use of tea-bathing for three months, found myself entirely free from any of the above disorders. Six months are now elapsed, and have had no return of them.

I am, Sir, your obliged humble Servant.  
CHARLOTTE LEIGH.  
N.B.—As soon as I settle in town I will send you my address, when every enquiry shall with pleasure be attended to.  
This valuable Composition affords the most permanent relief, not only to those unhappy Youth who have been deluded at an early age, but also to persons of all ages afflicted with Nervous Diseases, proceeding either from an immoderate use of tea, hard drinking, heat of climate, excess of grief, dissipated pleasures, and lying-in, &c.  
Dr BRODUM'S NERVOUS CORDIAL is peculiarly adapted to weak Female Constitutions, as well as Phlegmatic Habits in general; it acts powerfully as a Nerve, not only to the weak Stomach, but to the whole Nervous System; corrects a vitiated Appetite and Digestion in the First Passages, and assists wonderfully in recovering the Tone of the Organs. Hence its efficacy in the most obstinate Weakness.

Dr BRODUM might add much more to just report of this Cordial; for great experience has convinced him, that so noble, safe, and efficacious a Remedy was never yet offered to mankind; but he now leaves it to the world, conscious that he has done his duty, by sending forth what may be given to the tender Infant, the pregnant Female, and to the aged, with safety and efficacy, hitherto unparalleled in the annals of Medical Discovery.

The BOTANICAL SYRUP, AND RESTORATIVE NERVOUS CORDIAL, to be had at the Doctor's House, No. 9 Albion Street, in bottles at 12s. 6d. and 5s. 6d.—and by  
J. BAXTER, South Bridge, Edinburgh;  
J. Menzies, Glasgow; J. Chalmers, Aberdeen.



## WAR-OFFICE, Dec. 10. 1799.

1st Regiment of Foot—Hospital-Mate Walter Borlase to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Foreman, promoted in the 49th foot.

4th Regiment of Foot.  
Major-General John Earl of Chatham, K. G. to be Colonel, vice General Morrison, deceased. Lieutenant-General James Ogilvie to be Colonel-Commandant of a battalion, vice the Earl of Chatham, promoted to the command of the regiment. Captain William Young, from the Royal Bucks militia, to be Captain, with temporary rank in the army. Captain Richard Gardner, from ditto, to be Captain, with temporary rank in the army.

To be Lieutenants, with temporary rank in the army—Lieutenants James Lucas, Joseph Fessy, John Brailford, Vincent Beatty, and John Laval, all from the Royal Bucks militia.

To be Ensigns—Ensigns John Smith and William Wootton, both from the Royal Bucks militia.

15th Ditto—Captain T. B. Grantham, from the Durham militia, to be Captain, with temporary rank in the army. Lieutenant W. Wilkinson, from ditto, to be Lieutenant, with temporary rank in the army. Ensign John Charleston, from ditto, to be Ensign.

17th Ditto—Ensign J. Tupman, from the West Norfolk militia, to be Ensign, without purchase.

2d Bat. 17th Foot—William Tindling, Esq. to be Paymaster. 20th Foot—Ensign William Lyons, from the 3d Lancashire militia, to be Ensign, vice Favill, deceased.

22d Ditto—Captain Matthew Hutton, from the half-pay of the late 106th foot, to be Captain, vice White, who exchanges. Hospital-Mate Peter Graham to be Assistant-Surgeon.

24th Ditto—Major John Randall Forster, from the 22d foot, to be Lieutenant Colonel, by purchase, vice Campbell, who retires.

29th Ditto—Captain Daniel White to be Major, without purchase, vice Kirkman, promoted in the 52d foot. Captain-Lieutenant Andrew Cragh to be Captain, without purchase, vice Harrison, who resigns. Lieutenant John Tucker to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Cragh.

34th Ditto—Henry Spencer Craufurd to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Fauat, promoted.

36th Regiment of Foot.  
To be Captains, with temporary rank in the army—Captains J. J. Durbin, from the Monmouth and Brecon militia; Francis Chamber, from ditto; R. Williams, from the 1st Worcester militia; Thomas Kennedy, from the Westminster Middlesex militia.

To be Lieutenants, with temporary rank in the army—Lieutenants Pendry Powell, from the Monmouth and Brecon militia; Thomas Bridgewater, from ditto; Joseph Hughes, from the 1st Worcester militia; Richard Hooper, from the Westminster Middlesex militia.

To be Ensigns—Ensign George Adam, from the Monmouth and Brecon militia; Ensign Joseph Ross, from the 1st Worcester militia; Lieutenant Alexander Middleton, from the Westminster Middlesex militia.

37th Ditto—Captain William Spread to be Major, without purchase, vice Baird, promoted in the 62d foot.

43d Ditto—Thomas Champ to be Ensign, by purchase, vice E. Cameron, promoted.

44th Ditto—Lieutenant George Harding to be Captain, by purchase, vice M'Minn, who retires. Ensign David Phillips to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Harding.

51st Ditto—Laugford Redmond to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cole, who retires.

52d Ditto—Captain Robert T. Symonds, from the South Gloucester militia, to be Captain, with temporary rank in the army. Lieutenant John Grey, from ditto, to be Lieutenant, with temporary rank in the army. Lieutenant John Joseph, from ditto, to be Ensign.

53d Ditto—Ensign John Forbes to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Leslie, promoted.

60th Ditto—Lieutenant George Mangles, from the 6th foot, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Herring, who retires.

61st Ditto—John Goldcutt to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Davy, promoted.

62d Regiment of Foot.  
Lieutenant-General Peter Craig, from the 56th foot, to be Colonel-Commandant of the 2d battalion. Major Joseph Baird, from the 37th foot, to be Lieutenant Colonel. Major James Fisher to be Lieutenant Colonel.

To be Majors—Captain Charles Donellan, from the 13th foot, vice Fisher. Captain George Callander, from the 25th foot. Captain William Newall.

To be Captains, with temporary rank in the army—Captain Benjamin H. Harding, from the South Essex militia.

To be Lieutenants, with temporary rank in the army—Lieutenants Henry Goode, from the South Essex militia; William Dams, from the Hertfordshire militia; Philip Peckham, from ditto.

To be Ensign—Ensign William Major, from the South Essex militia.

72d Ditto—Ensign William Coote Campbell to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Fraser, promoted.

82d Ditto—Lieutenant Alexander Nesbitt, from the 17th Light Dragoons, to be Captain, by purchase, vice Bunell, who retires. Captain George Stanier, from the Shropshire militia, to be Captain, with temporary rank in the army. Lieutenant R. B. Harrison, from ditto, to be Lieutenant, with temporary rank in the army. Lieutenant Charles Huxley, from ditto, to be Ensign. Ensign Henry Vernon, from the East London militia, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Ackland, promoted in the 90th foot.

84th Ditto—Robert Charles Lang to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Drummond, who retires.

85th Ditto—Ensign Richard Richardson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Napier, who retires.

92d Ditto—Ensign James Stewart Mathison, from the 68th foot, to be Ensign, vice De Courcy, who exchanges.

6th West India Regiment—Lieutenant John Castle to be Adjutant, vice Darley, who resigns.

Royal Wagon Train—Quartermaster Francis Horton, from the 14th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant.

## EAST INDIES.

## FROM THE MADRAS GAZETTE—June 8.

## GARRISON ORDERS.

His Majesty's 10th and 51st regiments, and the Madras militia, to be under arms at half-past four to-morrow morning, and to form a square on the general parade, for the purpose of receiving the standard of the late Tippoo Sultan, taken on the 4th of May, in the fort of Seringapatam, and also the colours of the French Republic, taken on the same day from the French corps in the service of that Prince, and arrived at this Presidency under charge of Lieutenant Harris, of his Majesty's 74th regiment.

The flank companies of his Majesty's 10th regiment will meet Lieutenant Harris before five o'clock at the bridge leading to the Wallajah Gate, and after the Right Hon. the Governor-General has passed into the fort, they will escort the standard and colours to the centre of the parade, where they will be received with presented arms.

The standard and colours having been presented to the Governor-General, his Lordship will proceed with them to the church, and after they have been deposited at the altar, the flank companies will return, and take up their stations on the parade.

Prayers being over, a royal salute will be fired from the walls of the garrison, answered by the ships in the roads, and followed by three volleys from the troops.

The Governor-General having passed out of the fort, the troops are to return to their barracks, and two days batta will be distributed to all the non-commissioned and privates in garrisons.

Major Tafwell will continue the Madras militia under arms to-morrow morning, and their new colours will

be presented to them by the Right Honourable Lady Clive.

The troops having paraded in conformity to the above orders, the Right Hon. the Governor-General, attended by the body guard, alighted from his carriage upon the parade at ten minutes past five o'clock. Lord and Lady Clive, Mrs. Harris and family, arrived a few minutes after; the whole of the civil and military officers were now assembled, either upon the parade or in the balconies and windows of the adjacent houses, which, with the ramparts, streets, and all the avenues leading to the fort, were crowded with innumerable spectators, natives, and Europeans.

The standard of Tippoo Sultan bore by Lieutenant Harris, and the colours of the French Republic carried by Majors Beaton and Allan, followed by the flank companies of his Majesty's 10th regiment, having now entered the square, were received with presented arms, and the different bands playing a solemn march.

On Lieutenant Harris approaching within a few paces of the Governor-General, he addressed his Lordship in the following words:—

"This standard and these colours taken from the enemy under the consummate wisdom of your Lordship's councils, by the brave army commanded by Lieutenant-General Harris, his Excellency has honoured me by committing to my charge, and directing that I should lay them at your Lordship's feet."

His Lordship instantly embracing Lieutenant Harris in an impressive manner, which excited the liveliest emotion of joy and gratitude in the spectators, delivered his sentiments to the following effect:—

"The zeal, perseverance, and manly fortitude of your father, and the matchless conduct of that gallant army, which, under his command, has relieved these possessions from the peril of foreign invasion, and restored us to a state of security and repose, have already received my cordial acknowledgments, and obtained the just tribute of public gratitude and admiration: it remains for us to turn our hearts to the Author of all these signal blessings, and at the feet of the altar to offer up our humble thanksgivings to the Giver of Victory, and the Guardian of the cause of justice, virtue, and faith."

The Governor-General then proceeded to the church, where the standard and colours were deposited at the altar.—Solemn thanks having been offered to Almighty God for having crowned our arms with such signal success, his Lordship returned to the parade, when Major Allan unexpectedly addressed him in these words:—"I have particular satisfaction in this memorable occasion, in having it in my power to present your Lordship with a sword, worn by Tippoo Sultan, a token which I trust your Lordship will regard as a mark of my personal respect, as well as a memorial of that glorious achievement which the army has accomplished under your Lordship's auspices." His Lordship, as nearly as we can recollect, made this reply:—

"The gift is peculiarly acceptable from an officer, distinguished throughout the whole campaign, by the most meritorious exertions of activity and valour, and particularly at the close of it, by the most generous efforts of humanity and compassion: I shall always remember with pleasure the personal kindness of such a character towards myself, and am happy to take this public opportunity of expressing my sense of those many and amiable qualities, which have appeared with such lustre, not only in the moment of difficulty and danger, but in that of victory and conquest."

JUNE 26.

## SERINGAPATAM—EXTRACTS FROM G. O.

As the prize funds amounted on the 22d of May to star pagodas 25 lakhs 35,804, and have since been daily increasing:

"Resolved that a first dividend shall be immediately declared of 18 star pagodas a share, and that the division be made on the following scale, which shall likewise apply to future divisions of Seringapatam prize property:

|  |       |        |
|--|-------|--------|
| Naigues, Sepoys, Gun Lascars, Pioneers, Black Doctors, Authorised Puckalls, Trumpeters, Drummers and Fifers of Native Corps, each two thirds of a share. | Pags. | 12     |
| Havaldars and 2d Tindals of Gun Lascars, one share.  |       | 18     |
| Jemadars and Stand'd Bearers, and Tindals of Gun Lascars, two do.  |       | 36     |
| Commandant Subadars, and Sarangs of Gun Lascars, six shares each.  |       | 108    |
| Corporals, Drummers, Trumpeters, Fifers, and Privates of European Corps, one do. each.   |       | 18     |
| Sergeants, to do. each.  |       | 36     |
| Sergeant-Major, Sub-Conductors, Sub-Assistants, Surgeons, and Park Sergeants, three shares.  |       | 54     |
| Quartermaster of Dragoons, Conductor of Stores, and Provost Marshal, fifteen do.   |       | 270    |
| Subaltern and Assistant Surgeon, 60 do.  |       | 1080   |
| Captains and Surgeons, 120 do.   |       | 2160   |
| Majors, 240 do.  |       | 4320   |
| Lieutenant-Colonels, 360 do.   |       | 6480   |
| Colonels, 600 do.  |       | 10,800 |
| General Officers on the Staff, 1500 do.  |       | 27,000 |
| Major-General Floyd, Second in Command of the Army, one-third more 200   |       | 36,000 |
| The Commander in Chief, one eight of the whole.  |       |        |

"That one lack of pagodas out of the 2d division of prize funds, be set aside for the cavalry part of contingent of his Highness the Nizam, to be appropriated in such manner as shall be most agreeable to Meer Allum Bahauder. That officers who may have served on the day of the capture of Seringapatam, with inferior rank to what it may appear afterwards to what they actually held, although not known to them, shall share according to that rank, Major-Generals appointed to the Staff excepted, because the number of Major-Generals on the Staff is limited, provided however the claims of such officers are heard before the final division of prize money. Agreed that the star and jewel with the ornaments from the prize taken from Tippoo Sultan, be presented to the Right Honourable the Earl of Mornington, by the army, as a mark of their respect, through the Commander in Chief.

"That the war turban of Tippoo Sultan with the sword worn by him, and the sword of Morin Row, be presented to Marquis Cornwallis, by the army, through the Commander in Chief, as a mark of their respect. Not doubting the liberal sentiments of the army towards promoting the services of all its branches, it is agreed that the library of the late Tippoo Sultan be presented by the army to the Court of Directors, through the Commander in Chief, for the Collection of Eastern Literature founded by them in London.

"That a sword of Tippoo Sultan found in his bed-chamber be presented by the army to Major-General Baird, as a token of their high opinion of his courage and conduct in the assault of Seringapatam, and whilst he commanded; that the Commander in Chief be requested to present the sword with this extract of the proceedings to Major-General Baird."

We hear that Vellore has been assigned as the future residence of the late Sultan's sons; and that Colonel Doveton has been appointed to the command of that fortress.

Late letters from Mysore mention that Colonel Read's detachment was again on the eve of moving forward from Bangalore towards Sera, on its way to Chittledroog. These letters also report, that a Committee, consisting of Lieut. Gen. Harris, the Honourable Mr. Wellesley, the Honourable Col. Wellesley, Colonels Kirkpatrick and Close, had been appointed to arrange matters with the Nizam's ministers respecting the new boundaries, and other matters regarding Mysore. Captains Malcolm and Munro are said to be joint Secretaries to the above Committee.

## FRANCE.

PARIS—Dec. 2.

Sir Robert Barclay, an English merchant, detained a prisoner in the Temple for more than a year, has been set at liberty.—He is the friend and brother-in-law of Sheridan.

Victor de Latour Maubourg, one of the companions of the unfortunate La Fayette had arrived from Holland at Brussels; he was arrested and thrown into prison, as a person accused of emigration; but the Minister of Police, better informed, after the 9th November, has given orders for setting Latour Maubourg at liberty. It appears certain, that La Fayette, Alexander Lameth, Bureau de Pusy, and all those who left France with that General in 1793, and who were arrested by the Austrians, will obtain permission to return to France.

Two or three thousand French prisoners from England are expected at Dunkirk.

DECEMBER 3.

There is some talk to-day, of suppressing the office of the Great Elector, and of the two Consuls revocable at his pleasure, and to substitute in place of them three Consuls, appointed for ten years, but re-eligible after that period. The first of these three is to be called First Consul, with a permanent Presidency, and a preponderating and decisive voice, a distinct palace, and a more considerable revenue than his two colleagues, whom however, he is not to have any power to supersede.

Some people are a little astonished that the events of the 9th November have not been followed by any of those measures, to which it was thought to lead; and they begin to give up all hopes of the re-establishment of their dear idol. The case is the same with some who have the grace to call Buonaparte and Sieyes Republicans; as if there could be at this period any doubt entertained of the principles of those men.

A paper announces that the city of Anspach, the capital of the Duchy of Anspach and Bareuth, in Franconia, belonging to the King of Prussia, as Elector of Brandenburg, is destined for the Congress of peace.

Proclamation from the Central Administration of the Department of the Lower Loire, to their fellow Citizens, relative to the events of the 9th of November.

Citizens, the Legislative Body and the men placed at the head of the Government, are known Republicans, and you have repented your confidence in them. A throne shall never be raised in France, royalty is forever proscribed. Wait without impatience the result of the measures which are about to be adopted. Let tranquillity be preferred, and soon will peace, an honourable and solid peace, be the reward.

The Republic is imperishable as the people who have willed it.—Vive la Republic."

DECEMBER 4.

Variations are every day made in the new Constitution, which was promised us by the end of the month at the latest. This proves that the wife Citizens to whose care it is entrusted, wish to justify our confidence; that none of them, however much his talents and his reputation may give him a preponderance, is obstinately attached to his own opinion. There is already an end of all mention of the Great Elector for life, an office which too much resembles that, the title of which we have proscribed. The plan of which we have given a sketch has undergone several other important modifications. The two Commissions were yesterday to divide themselves into three Sections, each of which repaired to one of the three Consuls, to communicate to him the name of him who had the greatest number of votes. Some malignant persons have spread a report that there has been a decided schism between two public men, whose union is of considerable interest to the public cause. We believe we can give them an assurance that there is no foundation in the one party for this uncharitable, nor in the other for such guilty hopes.

DECEMBER 5.

The following is the statement in our letters from Mannheim, of the 28th ult.

"The attack planned by the enemy has not yet taken place, because the Commander in Chief had learnt that they had received a reinforcement of 7000 men, which the Archduke had detached from his army. This movement of the enemy indicates no attack on their part; it rather appears that it is caused by the arrival of reinforcements which are constantly coming from Holland, and which will considerably increase our army."

The report of the alteration in that part of the Constitution which relates to the Great Elector, is now very general. As several reasons have been assigned for the rejection of this office, and as some of them have no immediate relation to the public interest, we shall not venture to touch on them. Men who are considered as well informed, give it out as certain, that Buonaparte opposes the creation of this office for life, if even it should be adopted. He thinks, it is said, that it is necessary for ten years. One man, in his opinion, is less exposed to the risk of being diverted from good designs, and can much more easily turn his attention to the proposed end—the public happiness. Others, on the contrary, with the office to be for life, or else not at all. We shall not enter into the objections on both sides.

It is said that Buonaparte, being a few days ago in company with a brilliant circle of ladies, dressed in white muslins, &c. all of English manufacture, expressed his astonishment, and something of displeasure, at seeing that the national stuffs were despised, and that preference was given to merchandise fabricated by our enemies; immediately our patriotic ladies resolved to order robes, flays, spencers, shawls, and douillettes for the winter, all of silk.

The embargo which was laid upon neutral ships at Bordeaux has been taken off.

DECEMBER 7.

One of our correspondents writes the following from Guignes, of the 2d December:

"General La Fayette arrived yesterday evening at

his ci-devant chateau of Fontenoy, near Chaume, in the department of Seine and Morne. His health appeared altered, but much better than that of Mad. La Fayette who since her confinement in the prisons of Austria, has been much afflicted with a complaint which sometimes deprives her of the use of her limbs."

DECEMBER 8.

On the 14th Frimaire the Consuls published the following notice relative to English prisoners:

"The Consuls have notified to the English Government that from the 1st of Nivose (the 22d December) all the expenses necessary to the maintenance of the French prisoners in England shall be at the charge of the British Government.  
"BUONAPARTE, SIEYES, ROGER DUCOS.  
"HUGUES BERNARD MARTE, Sec. Gen."

The Consulate has agreed to the demand made by the English General Knox, to reside at Calais, for the purpose of being better enabled to carry into effect the release of the 8000 French prisoners stipulated by the Convention concluded at Alkmaar. General Humbert is to accompany him.

General Mack and his Staff are at Paris. It is said that they are shortly to proceed to Vienna.

The number of the Chouans on the left bank of the Loire is every day increasing, and they are regularly trained to arms and disciplined. Notwithstanding General Hecouville's proclamation, tranquillity is so far from being re-established that the public peace is more disturbed than ever.

The favorite child of fortune, the brave Massena, is arrived at Paris.

We understand that a victory has been obtained near Genoa by the army of Italy, the head-quarters of which were established on the 4th Frimaire at Pietra; but nothing official has hitherto been published.

The law which forbids the Russians to read is kept in full rigour. The 45th number of the German Gazette of Peterburgh relates, that it has been lately refused to a private person to leave his children in Prussia, to accomplish their studies. In return, the Imperial Economic Society of Paris continues the public instruction. It has lately published in the Russian language, the second and third volume of a book for the people, under the title of "A Guide for the Country People."

The Minister of General Police, has written to the central bureau the following letter:—"Public morals, citizens, applaud the measures which I prescribed to you relative to the girls of the town. I charge you to pursue your success. I cannot authorise the setting any one of these women at liberty. The services that some of them may have rendered, cannot counterbalance the evils which are to be dreaded from corruption; and it would be disgraceful in the magistrature to have it said that such agents can be necessary."

The following letter was lately received by Buonaparte:—

"If you are the man whom the destinies of France have called to terminate the revolution to the advantage of liberty, the sovereignty of the people, and philosophy—genius, greatness of soul, and moderation, will distinguish your conduct. By these qualities you will become a great man, you will assume the first rank among the benefactors of the human race, you will obtain universal gratitude and veneration.

"If, on the contrary, profiting by the charm which fame has wreathed round your name, you are merely an ambitious man yourself, desirous of seizing absolute authority, or of sacrificing liberty, the sovereignty of the people and the country, to a new despot, then you will become the vilest of tyrants; and an object of execration to all mankind."

"A FREEMAN,  
"Who will be a witness of your glory, or your crimes, disgrace and punishment, and who waits either to praise or to execrate you."

## DUMOURIER.

TO THE EDITOR OF A FOREIGN JOURNAL.  
OCTOBER 1799.

I have too much confidence, Sir, in your delicacy and honour, not to invite you to correct a great error which I met with in your Journal of July. You point me out as the head of an Orleans faction; you implicate me in that faction with a lady celebrated for her writings, who, unfortunately for her, has written against the young Prince, who is compromised by the accusation you have brought against me. I am very little acquainted with that lady, whom I only saw at Tournay, when I accompanied the young and interesting Princess, whom I saved at the time from the proscriptions and the rage of Robespierre and Marat. I have not seen that lady since. I was much connected with the young Prince; it was at my house that he answered the indiscreet work published against him.

With respect to this faction, I have often heard it spoken of, but I have always been ignorant whether it had any existence. I took a sufficient precaution, by publishing at Frankfurt, in 1793, a declaration against the imputation of my being the head and support of it. When I published that declaration, the too guilty Duke of Orleans was still living; and he, or his partisans, would have disclosed my perfidy, if I had been an accomplice. Neither before their execution, nor since, has any proof been furnished, nor even a demi-proof, of the existence of that faction, and still less of my adherence to its criminal views.

I do not doubt that there exist in France wretches, who in order to perpetrate anarchy, prefer to the credulous public an Orleans faction as a bugbear. I doubt not there are even deeper wretches who desire to establish one, in order to throw more obstacles in the way of the re-establishment of monarchy, by perpetuating discord and division between the different branches of the August House, upon which is founded the hope of all good Frenchmen for the restoration of social order. But hitherto I have heard none but absurd stories relative to that faction. At the famous epoch of the 18th Brumaire, two years ago, I read that the Duke of Orleans and myself were concealed at Paris; that I had jumped from a second story to save myself, and that I broke both my legs. I read this at Ham, near Hamburg, and I sent an account of it to the Duke of Orleans, at Philadelphia.

I know, Sir, that you are much attached to Louis XVIII. our lawful Sovereign, and that your intentions are pure. If doubtful facts and imputations creep by mistake into your journal, and if you do not contradict them yourself, you will check the union of the unfortunate members of the Royal House; you will serve, without wishing it, the plans of the Jacobins and tyrants of France; you will accredit their calumnies, and give them fresh arms. It is time to expose all the benefactors of their infamous means.

It is unnecessary for me to defend the three young Princes of the unfortunate branch, which these wretches wish to separate for ever from the august tree, which



for so long a time has honoured our country; I shall only say a few words respecting the young Duke of Orleans. With me he wept the death of Louis XVI; he joined me to revenge it—he quitted France with me. Since then he has been continually travelling in Switzerland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, America, and the Havannah, where a year ago he joined his brothers. When, for whom, with whom, and how could he, far off, a wanderer and poor, communicate, intrigue, and plot with the wretches of Paris, who, perhaps, make use of his name, and whom he knows not? You may, Sir, in the city where you reside, obtain precise information respecting his conduct and character; you are surrounded by men who are particularly acquainted with him. He has always shewn, wherever he has been, application, fortitude, and virtue. With respect to myself, if I had been the head of that abominable faction, I should have spared those villains in my works, where I load them with infamy. I should have reserved some means of reconciliation to return to France, and to join them in their crimes. I should have been very cautious of shewing myself as a Royalist, attached to the natural order of succession. All my writings bear open testimony of these my sentiments. Yes, Sir, I am a Royalist; I acknowledge Louis XVIII. as my lawful Sovereign. All my hopes for the regeneration of France, are centered in his virtues, on his experience, talents, and clemency; and on the return of the French nation to truth, reason, love of order, the law, and to their Kings. These are the sentiments with which I will live and die! I have the honour, &c.

DUMOURIER.

## DECEMBER 13.

Wednesday morning Lady Minto and suite left Yarmouth, having declined her intended journey to Vienna till the spring.

Wednesday morning Capt. Cowan, of the navy, arrived at the Admiralty with letters from Sir Home Popham, at Yarmouth; the officer returned in the afternoon with instructions to Capt. Popham, who is expected to sail for Peterburgh the first fair wind.

Wednesday a Court of Directors was held at the East India House, when the following Commanders took leave, previous to departing for their respective destinations:—

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| Capt. Tho. Lushington, Canton, Alex. Gray, Ganges, J. H. Dempster, Earl Talbot, T. Robertson, Cirencostry, C. Majoribanks, Armiton, for St Helena, Ben-cullen, and China. | Bombay and China. |
|---|-------------------|

Capt. Money was sworn into the command of the Walthamstow, destined to Madras and China.

We understand that a communication has been made to this country from Holland, that the Batavian Government would permit the importation of every kind of West India produce.

A proposition is now under the consideration of our Government, for allowing the exportation of West India produce to France, and to receive corn in return.

Admirals Mitchell and Harvey are to be invested with the two vacant ribbons of the Bath.

Government have received advice of General Fox's safe arrival at Minorca on the 11th ult. after a most expeditious passage of only 17 days from Torbay, five of which he passed at Gibraltar.

A few nights since, as Mr Davis of Old Gravel-Jane, Ratcliffe Highway, in company with his brother, were travelling in a single horse chaise, in Maidenhead thicket, they were flopped by a single highwayman, who robbed them of upwards of twenty guineas.

The Chouar, Chictis Scepaux, d'Autichame, &c. have, it is said, intimated to this Government that they had found it necessary to make their peace with the present rulers of France.

Various reports are in circulation on the Continent respecting pending negotiations for peace, but they do not appear to be well authenticated.

## COURT OF KING'S BENCH.

### THE KING v. TEASDALE AND ANOTHER.

This was an indictment against William Teasdale and Alexander Grant, and two others, the one of whom did not appear, and as to the other the Attorney-General had entered a *nol. pro.* The charge was for unlawfully putting on board a vessel, machines and models of machines for manufacturing cotton, to go to Hamburg, contrary to the provision of a statute of the 21st of the present King.

It appeared in the course of the evidence, that, as to Mr Teasdale, the case was not made out against him, and therefore,

Lord Kenyon intimated as much to the Jury before the rest of the defence as to Grant was entered upon. His Lordship observed, that this prosecution was an exceedingly proper prosecution, as prosecutions from the officer who conducts it always were, as far as he had any opportunity of observing; but though the evidence, in some parts of it, made a serious case, calling on the defendant to answer, yet in the latter part of the evidence, he thought the case was so explained as not to render it necessary for Teasdale to explain it further; and therefore, if the Jury thought so too, they would dismiss any further consideration with regard to him. With regard to Grant, the matter was quite otherwise, and the Court would hear what proofs were to be given on his behalf.

The defence for him was that of a speech from Mr McIntosh, his Counsel; and, as the evidence for this prosecution was quite satisfactory, the Jury found Alexander Grant GUILTY, and W. Teasdale NOT GUILTY.

The punishment prescribed by the statute for this offence, is a fine of 500l. and one year's imprisonment.

## FROM THE LECH.—Nov. 24.

The whole of Suwarrow's army is in motion: tomorrow the head-quarters will proceed from Augsburg to Birsburg, about eighteen miles distance, on its way to Bavaria. Every day 4000 Russians are marching through Augsburg, who form themselves into two columns in Bavaria, one of which will march through Bohemia to Cracow, the other through Moravia to Galicia. The Grand Duke Constantine is expected to arrive at Augsburg on the 26th instant, from whence he will proceed for Bavaria on the day following. It was said that Prince Ferdinand would command 30,000 Russians, under the Archduke Charles, but this appears to be nothing more than a report.

Letters from Seringapatam, dated the 26th of May, mention, that of Tippoo's jewels not above six or seven lacks of pagodas worth had been valued; and as to the merchandise, viz. muslins, shawls, and various rich cloths, they were reckoned at the enormous amount of 500 camels loads. The Sultan's throne, being too unwieldy to be carried, had been broken up; it was a howdah upon a tiger, covered with sheet gold; the ascent to it was by silver steps, gilt, having silver nails, and all the other fattenings of the same metal. The canopy was alike superb, and decorated with a costly fringe of fine pearls all round it: the eyes and teeth of the tiger were of glass. It was valued at 60,000 pagodas.

Other advices from Seringapatam, dated the 27th, mention, that in breaking up the throne, which its bulk and weight rendered necessary, the sheet of gold with which it was covered was found to weigh 40,000 pagodas; the silver work about it, the supporters of the canopy, and the fringe of pearls which went round it, were valued at 10,000 pagodas more. Every inch of the howdah contained an Arabic sentence, chiefly from the Koran, superbly stamped, being raised and polished in the most beautiful manner. A gold figure of a bird, covered over with the most precious stones, was screwed to the roof of the canopy; its beak is a large emerald, its eyes carbuncles, the breast covered with diamonds, and the wings, which are expanded as if hovering, completely lined with diamonds; on the back are many large jewels, well and fancifully disposed; the tail, which resembles a peacock's, is also studded in the same manner—the whole so arranged as to imitate the plumage, and so closely set that the gold is scarce visible.

Besides the spoils taken at Seringapatam, there were found on the works and in the arsenals upwards of 2000 pieces of cannon, one half of which were brass, besides an abundance of stores of every description. The depots of grain exceed all credibility, which proves that Tippoo was fully prepared for a long siege.

A number of tigers were found in the Palace-yard, which were ordered to be shot for fear of accidents.

The unfortunate and recent loss of the Company's extra ship Royal Charlotte, which was blown up at Culpepe, is attributed to the ill-construction of her magazine, the foremast running directly through it. As every soul on board perished, it is imagined that lightning struck the mast, and ran down immediately into the magazine, where was deposited a considerable quantity of gun-powder. In consequence of this melancholy event, all the ships whose magazines are constructed on similar principles, have undergone an alteration, so that the fore-mast has no communication whatever with the place in which the powder is lodged. The lightning is so strong and vivid at Culpepe, that it is not uncommon to see it run down a ship's mast, and set it on fire.

Letters received from Sir Sydney Smith, dated the 2d October, mention that the Turkish army at Gaza was preparing to pass the defile.

A letter from the Gentleman deputed to travel for the African Association, to whom Buonaparte, while in Egypt, had given a passport to pursue his route unimpeded, mentions that the French were completely hemmed in at Cairo by the Arabs, not daring to shew themselves without the lines, for fear of being cut to pieces. Our English traveller was several times in danger of being murdered, on suspicion of his being a French spy. The French are generally detested throughout the country.

At Chaillot, near Paris, at the forges of the brothers Perrier, an experiment was made on the 13th of November, of a machine of their invention, for raising coals from coal mines.

The vapour machine, or fire pump, has been long since employed in the working of those mines, to drain the water. Those learned mechanicians have therefore imagined that the same advantage and the same economy might be found in drawing up the coals by substituting the new vapour machine, called a rotation engine, instead of horses, which are commonly used for that purpose; but, to accomplish that end, it was necessary to compile that machine in such a manner that it might have the faculty of obeying its conductor, of changing its movement at pleasure, in order to raise the ten with coals, which is loaded at the bottom of the pit, and to let it down again when empty, and of flopping it at the height required, when it is necessary to send down workmen to mend the wood work of the pit; it was further necessary, in order to render the resistance which that machine had to overcome uniform, to annihilate the weight of the cord, which becomes very heavy when the pits are of a great depth. They have accomplished all those points by a very simple mechanism, which any man may be made acquainted with in a few minutes.

The experiment which has been made, has proved that a ton of coals consumed in the furnace of that machine would draw up, in the same space of time, about one hundred tons of the same weight, from a pit of 150 metres (461 feet 11 inches) in depth, and in proportion from pits of a greater or lesser depth.

The Paris Commercial Journal, in giving an account of this invention, observes, that it will occasion a considerable saving in the working of coal mines, and produce a diminution in the price of that article of fuel, so necessary to the arts; and farther, that if it be adopted, the persons who work the coal mines will draw from the bowels of the earth, without consuming the produce of its surface, all the means which are necessary; they will restore a great number of horses to commerce and agriculture. The working of the mines of Anzin, near Valenciennes, employs 450 horses, which would be saved.

## SHEERNESS—December 11.

The Court Martial on board His Majesty's ship Palas, in Sheerness harbour, on the officers and crew of the Nassau lost on the coast of Holland, finally closed this day. The decision of the Court is, that Captain George Tripp is rendered incapable of holding a commission in His Majesty's navy, and that the matter be reprimanded. Two of the seamen are sentenced to be flogged for theft and drunkenness; the other officers and crew are honourably acquitted.

## STOCKS.

|                  |        |             |        |
|------------------|--------|-------------|--------|
| BANK STOCK       | —      | INDIA STOCK | —      |
| 3 per cent. ann. | 77 7/8 | Long Ann.   | 17 1/2 |
| 4 per cent. ann. | —      | Short ditto | —      |
| 5 per cent. ann. | —      | Omnium      | —      |

## EXCHANGES, LONDON ON

|         |            |            |    |
|---------|------------|------------|----|
| Hamburg | 31 6 2 1/2 | Dublin     | 14 |
| Lisbon  | 6 1/2      | Bank money | —  |
| Operta  | 6 1/2      | —          | —  |

## LONDON PRICES, Dec. 9.

| BAGS.                   | HOPS.                   | POCKET.                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Kent 151 0s to 161 10s  | Kent 151 10s to 171 10s | Suffex 151 0s to 171 0s  |
| Suffex 151 0s to 161 0s | —                       | Farnham 151 0s to 161 0s |

## Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—DECEMBER 16.

A meeting of the Board of Trade was held in London on Wednesday, when a very important business, we understand, came under discussion—namely the existing corn laws. Some very salutary regulations have been suggested, which will be laid before Parliament early the next session. The trade, if we are rightly informed, is to be in some way put under Excise regulations, to prevent the abuses which have arisen from selling by sample—a practice which is to be abolished, and the corn in future to be fairly pitched in the markets as in good old times.

Wednesday Paris papers of the 6th inst. were received. They do not bring us intelligence of any important military events. A letter from Nice, of the 28th ult. asserts that the Austrians had been repulsed in an attempt to make themselves masters of Col di Tenda, of which, according to the Hamburg mails they were in possession. On the Rhine nothing new is said to have taken place.

No certain information is yet given us respecting the new constitution. The office of Great Elector is, according to some of the journals, to be abolished; according to others, to be limited in its duration, and instead of continuing for life, to last only for ten years. The scruples of BUONAPARTE on this subject are said to have produced these alterations.

An order has been issued by the Consuls, recalling from deportation those priests who had formerly taken the oaths, or who were married; and suspending the execution of that sentence against such as had not yet left the country.—In addition to this act of lenity, it is stated in a letter from Brussels, of the 22d Nov. that LATOUR MAUBOURG, who had been detained after the revolution of the 9th, had been set at liberty, and that LA FAYETTE and his companions are to be permitted to return to France.

The reports on the subject of peace are still repeated, and Anspach is mentioned as the place of a general congress. In a subsequent article, however, this is contradicted.

Friday morning Paris papers of the 7th and 8th inst. arrived. The Chouans in the West are in much greater force than was stated a few days since; and the addresses which have been circulated in that quarter have had at present but little effect.

One of the French papers speaks of some official accounts having been received of a victory gained by the Republicans in Italy, but no particulars are mentioned.

On the Rhine, so late as the 29th of November, nothing had occurred deserving of notice.

A number of speculations on the subject of the New Constitution, BUONAPARTE, it is said, opposes the appointment of a Grand Elector for life. Such an office, he, however, thinks would be useful, were its duration limited to ten years.

An abstract of the contents of the papers that arrived will be found in a preceding column.

Friday morning arrived the Hamburg mail, due on Wednesday.

The Vienna Court Gazette, of the 27th ult. too long for present insertion, contains the official details of the continued successes of the Austrian arms in Italy, in a report from General MALAS, dated head-quarters at Morozzo, Nov. 14, by which it appears Mondovì had been retaken, and the French were repulsed as far as Col di Tenda, which place was expected to be immediately occupied by the Austrians. General SOMMARIVA having sent a detachment which drove the French from the post of the barricades, the officer commanding that expedition took post at Argentera, from whence he sent a strong paroling party even on the French territory. General BELLEGARDE was continually following up the French in their retreat; he was on the 15th ult. at Bagnasco, from whence he was to pursue them as far as the Riviera.

Marshal SUWARROW's army was moving on the 25th of November towards Bavaria and Bohemia. A report that Prince FERDINAND was to command 30,000 Russians under the ARCHDUKE CHARLES, does not appear to be much credited.

An official report has been published at the Russian head-quarters at Augsburg, contradicting in toto General MASSENA's statement of his victories over the Russians in Switzerland, and proving his account of their losses to have been in general extremely exaggerated, and in some instances entirely false.

A report prevailed in London on Friday, that nine sail of Spanish ships, richly laden with mercury, wines, and silks, have been taken by one of our West India squadrons in the bay of Mexico, and carried into Jamaica. This intelligence is said to rest on the authority of a letter, dated Oct. 22, on board the Meleager frigate, in Port Royal harbour.

It was on Friday reported in London, that three French line of battle ships had slipped out of Brest, and that their crews had surrendered them up to the British fleet.

Thursday morning Mr DUNDAS, accompanied by Mr ROBERT DUNDAS, left London for Scotland.

This day the High Court of Judiciary is proceeding in the trial of five journeymen tailors, who are prosecuted for transgressing the late act of Parliament against combinations.

Mr KEMBLE, the manager of the Theatre Royal, Newcastle, with the true spirit of beneficence, has lately enabled Mr GALT, the gaoler, by compounding with their creditors, to liberate four prisoners confined in Newgate, whose debts amounted to upwards of 100l. the only four prisoners who could be released by pecuniary aid, and enabled them to return to their families and useful employment.

Friday, the Faculty of Procurators of Glasgow unanimously voted 400l. towards the fund now raising in the city, for purchasing grain from foreign ports.

On the 28th ultimo was launched off the ship at Saltcoats, at Mr PORTER's building yard, the ship Hero, admeasurements 273 tons, one of the finest ships ever built at that place. The launch gave complete satisfaction to a great concourse of people.

## DIED.

At Fintray House, on the 8th inst. the Hon. Lady FORBES of Craigvar.

A number of the members of the United Society of Catechists having met, and being deeply impressed with the distressed circumstances of the poor, considered themselves loudly called upon to endeavour to devise measures to alleviate the same; they therefore request the co-operation of all the incorporations and Friendly Societies in Edinburgh and the country adjacent, by their representatives or delegates, to meet in the Mason's Lodge, Fish-market Close, Head of Canongate, on Friday the 20th day of December, 1799, at one o'clock afternoon, to take the same under their most serious consideration.

JOHN BROUGH, Preses.

## LLOYD'S MARINE LIST—Dec. 11.

THE Chance, Johnson, and another ship, captured in the Bay of Bengal, by Lo Forte French frigate, is recaptured off the Isles of France, by a British squadron, and since lost. Also chased an American ship on shore, which had been captured.

The Stockport, —, and the Carolina, —, from Liverpool to Philadelphia, have been condemned at Bourdeaux, and their crews were in prison 16th November.

The Woodrup Sims, Hodgson, from London to Philadelphia, is captured by L'Honneur French privateer of Bourdeaux, after an action of four hours, and carried into Rochelle.

The Kitty, Robinson, from London to Dublin, is taken off Portland by a privateer of 16 guns, and sent for France. The privateer is since taken and arrived at Plymouth.

The Dove, Leach, from Newfoundland to Portugal, is taken and carried into Vigo.

The Carl Antonsson, Bjorkland, from Stockholm to Bideford, is taken and carried into Cherbourg.

The Castor, Sims, from Peterburgh to Liverpool, has put into Calmar, after being on shore.

## MAILED.

Arrived—Holland, 5.—Hamburg, 1.

Due—Ireland, 7.—Hamburg, 6.

WINDS AT SEAS.

Dec. 10, N.E.—11, Do.—12, Do.

## SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

### ARRIVED DOWNWARDS.

Dec. 3.—John and Mary, Barry, from Liebau to Dundee, flat Zephyr, Reay, from do. to do.

Yesterday the Iris frigate, Ranger sloop of war, together with the Good Design, armed ship, and Mart sloop of war, sailed from the Sound with the homeward bound trade. On Sunday last the Pomona, armed ship, arrived from the North with a few ships under her convoy, and remains in the Sound, together with the Wright and Selby, armed ships, and Queen cutter, to carry the trade expected from the Baltic home.

### ARRIVED DOWNWARDS.

Dec. 3. John & Mary, Barry, from Liebau to Dundee, flat Zephyr, Reay, from ditto to ditto, ditto.

Wind E. blowing fresh.

ELSEBUR, Dec. 3. 1799.

## HOWDEN & CO.

### ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Dec. 14. Speedwell, Crichton, from Aberdeen, goods—Two Brothers, Webster, from Dundee; grain—Lavely, Quay from Liverpool, goods—Lady Left, Crear, from Bergen, kelp—Bruce and Ann, Farmer, from Thurso, grain—Helen, Burton, from Alloa, goods—Ceres, Mackie, from Dundee, wheat—Roar, Scott, from Fort George, goods—Jay, Lancelman, from Dundee.

### CLEARED OUT.

—T. Eliza, Ord, for London—Commercial Packet, Turner, for ditto—Robina, Spence, for Kirkwall—Katty, Gill, for Banff—Leith, M'Fie, for Greenock, all with goods. Wind N.E. moderate.

## INSURANCE ON SHIPS AGAINST FIRE.

### THE CORPORATION OF THE

### ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE.

(Established by Royal Charter in the reign of King George I.) For Assuring Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, SHIPS, &c. against FIRE.

THE Rates of Insurance for Summs not exceeding £. 1000, on SHIPS, while lying in any Port or Harbour in Great Britain, with Liberty to dock, are as follows:—

For Twelve Months, Three Shillings per Cent.  
For Six Months, Two Shillings per Cent.  
For Three Months, One Shilling per Cent.  
All Policies for £. 500 and upwards are given GRATIS by this Corporation.

THOMSONS & CO. Agents.

Insurance Office,

No. 8, S. Bridge Street, Edinburgh.

## BILLS LOST.

LOST on Wednesday last, in Edinburgh or Leith, A Bill, drawn by John Alexander and William Gowan, on, and accepted by John Glover, Leith, at three months date from the 11th current, for £. 40. As the Bill is not indorsed it can be of no use to any person but the owners. If the person who has found it will be so good as return it to the drawer or acceptor, they will make him an acknowledgement. Leith, Dec. 16. 1799.

## DERWICKSHIRE.

MR HAY, Convener, requests the Trustees of the Derwickschire Roads, under Turnpike Act 1792, to meet in the Justice of Peace Court Room in Dunse, upon Friday the 3d of January next, to take into consideration the state of the Bridges at Gainslaw and Wedderburn mouth. Dunse, Dec. 13. 1799.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

### AND SALE OF

### SHOP GOODS, SPIRITS, &c.

WILLIAM STEPHEN, Grocer in Thistle Street, having conveyed his whole effects to Trustees, for behoof of his Creditors, notice is hereby given to the said Creditors to lodge notes of their claims, and affidavits thereon, with John Nicoll, writer, No. 5, Canal Street.

And on Wednesday, the 18th D. cember current, will be exposed to sale by auction, in the Shop No. 11, Thistle Street, the Whole SHOP GOODS belonging to the said William Stephen, consisting of Teas, Spirits, Groceries, Porter, Ale, and Spiceries, and also the Furniture in his shop and dwelling-house. The roup to begin precisely by eleven o'clock forenoon. Not to be repeated.

A BEAUTIFUL VILLA AND VALUABLE ESTATE, to be sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Collection, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th day of January 1800, betwixt the hours of two and four afternoon.

THE Lands and Estate of POWIS-LOGIE, with the Mansion-house, Gardens, and Salmon Fishings on the River Forth, lying in the parish of Logie, and counties of Clackmannan and Perth.—The Lands are pleasantly situated in a fertile vale on the north of the river Forth. They consist of about 350 Scots acres, whereof about 330 acres are a rich carle foil, subdivided into regular and well fenced inclosures. The mansion-house is modern; the gardens, lawn, and surrounding policy, are laid out with equal convenience and taste; and the offices, which are extensive, formed on a superior plan. A Threshing Mill was lately erected in the court of offices, with a full command of water; the machinery whereof is adapted and used for grinding of oats, bruising malt, and making barley; which, as the lands are free from multure, meris antient both in point of convenience, and saving of labour and expence.

There is a considerable quantity of wood on the estate, and Copper Ore in the high grounds. The value of the fishing is increased, from its vicinity to the mansion-house. The proprietor has a right to the tithes.

The public burdens are £. 6 : 8d Scots of feu-duty, with one chaldron of malt, according to the fiars of bear; the tithes about £. 6 : 8 : 4d.—The stipend 3 bolls bear, with 4s. 1d. of vicarage; and the schoolmaster's salary 16s. 8d.

The property holds of the Crown, and affords a frechold qualification in the county of Clackmannan.

The whole lands are within three miles of Stirling, four of the town and harbour of Alloa; but there is an excellent landing place at one of the lower farms, where the proprietor is exclusively entitled to levy dues, and for which he has been offered a very high rent, were he to erect draw-kilns for burning lime stones, and for which a ready sale would at all times be procured.

A considerable part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands, on proper security.

The proprietor will give orders, on application at the house, for shewing the lands, and will be ready to conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

Information may also be procured by applying to James Campbell, Esq. Solicitor, Prince's Court, Westminster; John Macnab, W.S. Edinburgh; or Robert Banks, writer, Stirling.



# SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Dec. 11. *Mrs. Janet Murray*, brewer, North Back of the Cannongate, Edinburgh—Creditors to meet in John's Coffehouse, 12th December, at 12 noon, to chafe a factor; and at same place and hour, 22d January, to chafe a trustee.

States of the affairs of *John Christie*, formerly of Maryfou, lie with Robert Allan, accountant in Edinburgh, till 13th January, when the creditors will meet in his house, N. St. David's Street, at 12 noon, to give directions as to winding up the affairs, &c.

States of the affairs of *Robert Lowe*, merchant in Dundee, lie with John Ogilvie, writer there, till 6th January, when the creditors will meet in Alex. Morren's, vintner in Dundee, at twelve noon, to give directions as to future management—No dividend.

Dec. 12. *William Johnston*, merchant in Dumfries—Creditors to meet in the Coffehouse of Dumfries, 25th December, at 12 noon, to name a factor; and at same place and hour, 22d January, to chafe a trustee.

States of the affairs of *Henry Andrews*, late merchant in Inverness, lie with Peter Anderson, writer there, till 17th January, when the creditors will call at his house, at 12 noon, to receive the first dividend.

Creditors of *James Taylor*, merchant in Glasgow, to meet in the Black Bull Inn there, 27th December, to chafe a trustee.

Dec. 16. *William and Archibald Allan and Duncan Kennedy*, cattle-dealers in Logie-Almond—Creditors to meet in William Somerton's, vintner in Dundee, 18th December, at two o'clock, to name a factor; and at same place and hour, 25th January, to chafe a trustee.

States of the affairs of *George Rofe* of Balfaloch, wine-merchant in London, lie with Thomas Adair, clerk to the liquidator—Creditors to meet in the Royal Exchange Coffehouse, Edinburgh, 13th January, at 11 o'clock, to receive their dividends, &c.

Examination of *William Gordon*, vintner and junior, cattle-dealer in Aberdeenshire, in the parish of Lochwinnoch, to be in the Town Court House of Paisley, 3d and 17th January, at 12 noon—Creditors to meet in John Orr's, vintner there, 18th January, at 12 noon, to give instructions to James Campbell of Glenhead, the trustee; and to lodge their claims betwixt and 19th June.

## STAMP-OFFICE, SOMERSET-PLACE, DECEMBER 3-1799.

WE, his MAJESTY'S COMMISSIONERS for managing the STAMP-DUTIES, duly authorized by the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, to Let to Farm the Duties granted by "An Act of the 26th of his present Majesty, on HORSES LET to "HIRE for Travelling Post, and by Time," do hereby give notice, That we intend to LET, at our Office in Somerset Place, the said Duties to Farm, on Tuesday the 7th of January next, between the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon, according to the Districts in the statement under-mentioned, and to put the same up at the sums placed opposite to each, for the term of Three Years from the 1st day of February next, to such persons as may be willing to contract for the same.

All persons intending to farm the said Duties, are to deliver in their proposals to us, at the Stamp-Office in Somerset Place, at least three days previous to the said 7th day of January next, signed with their names, stating the places of their abode, and specifying the District for which they intend to bid, or their proposals cannot be proceeded on, as directed by the said Act. No persons licensed to let Horses for the purpose of travelling post, nor any persons for their use, can be admitted to contract for the said Duties.

A Statement of the Districts for Farming out Post-Horse &c. Duties.

| No. | District.                                    | Produce. |
|-----|--|----------|
| 1   | NORTH BRITAIN                                | L. 5,274 |
| 2   | Northumberland                               |          |
| 3   | Cumberland                                   | 3,508    |
| 4   | Westmoreland                                 |          |
| 5   | Yorkshire                                    | 8,106    |
| 6   | Lancashire                                   |          |
| 7   | Cheshire                                     | 7,972    |
| 8   | Derbyshire                                   |          |
| 9   | Staffordshire                                | 6,567    |
| 10  | Lincolnshire                                 |          |
| 11  | Nottinghamshire                              |          |
| 12  | Leicestershire                               | 8,564    |
| 13  | Northamptonshire                             |          |
| 14  | Rutlandshire                                 |          |
| 15  | Warwickshire                                 |          |
| 16  | Oxfordshire                                  |          |
| 17  | Wiltshire                                    | 7,710    |
| 18  | Worcestershire                               |          |
| 19  | Gloucestershire                              |          |
| 20  | Suffolk                                      | 8,086    |
| 21  | Essex  |          |
| 22  | Cambridgeshire                               |          |
| 23  | Bedfordshire                                 | 5,201    |
| 24  | Buckinghamshire                              |          |
| 25  | Huntingdonshire                              | 8,045    |
| 26  | Hertfordshire                                |          |
| 27  | Surrey                                       | 5,693    |
| 28  | Middlesex, including London and Westminster  | 13,753   |
| 29  | Kent   | 10,678   |
| 30  | Sussex                                       |          |
| 31  | Hampshire                                    | 8,006    |
| 32  | Berkshire                                    |          |
| 33  | Devonshire                                   |          |
| 34  | Dorsetshire                                  | 8,768    |
| 35  | Cornwall                                     |          |
| 36  | Somersetshire                                |          |
| 37  | NORTH WALES, viz. Anglesea                   |          |
| 38  | Carmarvonshire                               |          |
| 39  | Denbighshire                                 | 2,637    |
| 40  | Flintshire                                   |          |
| 41  | Merionethshire                               |          |
| 42  | Montgomeryshire, with Shropshire             |          |
| 43  | SOUTH WALES, viz. Brecknockshire             |          |
| 44  | Carmarthen-shire                             |          |
| 45  | Cardiganshire                                |          |
| 46  | Glamorganshire                               | 1,296    |
| 47  | Radnorshire, and Pembroke, and Monmouthshire |          |

The above sums are the gross amounts the Duty arising within each District respectively, for the year ending on the 1st of August 1787.

E. FAWKENER,  
J. JENKINS,  
W. R. SPENCER,  
W. LAKE.

N.B.—All persons intending to bid for any of these Districts, are desired to take notice, that they will not be put up to sale according to the numerical arrangement in which they stand above; but that the order or selling will be varied, as the circumstances shall direct, and not declared previously to the day of sale, for the purpose of encouraging a fair competition, and of defeating the combinations heretofore experienced at the time of bidding to the great prejudice of the Revenue.

GAME CERTIFICATES AND DEPUTATIONS, ISSUED in the County of BANFF, since the 26th September 1799.

CERTIFICATES.  
Oct. 6. Lieutenant-Colonel John Baird, residing in Banff. William Gordon, Esq. of Aberdeen.  
Sir George Abercromby of Birkenbog, Bart.

DEPUTATIONS.  
Oct. 4. Theo. Morrison—to John Morrison, Esq. Auchintoul.  
Extracted by ALEX. TILLARY, Depy.  
By order of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties. JOHN BRETTELL, Sec.

TO BE SOLD,  
On Tuesday the 7th of January next, within the house of George Gilly, vintner in Findhorn, betwixt the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock noon.

THE SLOOP HENRIETTA, OF FINDHORN.  
Presently lying in Findhorn harbour, measuring per register 78 tons, will carry 100 tons; built at Burrowtown in 1780; falls well, is in good order, and well found, and can be put to sea at a short notice. Any person wishing to purchase by private bargain will apply to Robert Davidson, merchant in Findhorn, betwixt and 12th December 1799.

# OAK WOODS.

To be Sold by public roup, in the Inn at Callander in M. 10th, on Wednesday the 8th day of January next, THE OAK, ASH, and other WOODS on the Farms of Cuilt, Stronslanie, and Woodend, in the parish of Balquhider, and county of Perth.

Alexander MacLaren at Auchleskie, will show the Woods; and the articles of roup and conditions of sale may be seen in the hands of Mr MacLaren, No. 27, George Street.

SALE OF LANDS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.  
To be Sold by roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 18th December next, at one o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS called LARETBURN, lying on the south side of St Boswell's Green, near the village of Lessenden, and within four miles of the town of Melrose.

The lands are bounded upon the west by the great road from Edinburgh to Jedburgh, and consist of 109 acres; and thereby, all arable, well watered, partly inclosed, and very improvable. The privilege of pasturage on the said green of St Boswell's is also attached to the property, and upon the ground there is an eligible situation for building a mansion-house.

As the tenant has hitherto paid the public burdens and the expense of inclosing, the rent has therefore been low; but it is expected 80s may now be obtained. The lands hold of a subject superior, for payment of a small feu-duty.

For particulars apply to James Ferguson, W.S. who will show the articles of roup, title-deeds, and a plan of the lands.

SALE OF ESTATES IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR, By Private Bargain.

THESE Parts of the ESTATES of KINNORDY and INVERCARITY, which were formerly advertised, are now to be disposed of by private bargain, together or in two separate lots, viz.

LOT I. The Lands of Kinnordy, and others: comprehending about 275 acres, as delineated on a plan and a measurement, by Mr Ainslie, Land Surveyor, including the peat moss and marle loch of Kinnordy, thriving plantations, and the elegant Mansion-house, Offices, and Garden, distant one mile from Kirriemuir, and eighteen from Dundee. A Freehold Qualification in the County, will be sold with this Lot, if required.

LOT II. The Lands of Invercarity, and others: comprehending about 1161 acres, as delineated on the said plan, including valuable woods of full grown timber, with the ancient Castle and Garden, distant four miles from Kirriemuir, and twenty-two from Dundee. This Estate is celebrated for its beautiful scenery, affords excellent Salmon and Trout Fishing, and the neighbouring hills abound with mair game.

Great part of the price of either Lot may remain with the purchasers, and every information may be obtained, by applying to Mr Proctor at Glamis Castle, or to Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE, WITH A FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION, AND HOUSES IN THE TOWN OF CUPAR.

To be Sold, by public roup, within the house of Mrs Cockburn, Vintner in Cupar-Fife, upon Thursday, 30th January, 1800, at four o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of MIDDLEFIELD, lying in the immediate vicinity of Cupar-Fife, the county town, consisting of about 137 Scots acres, all arable, and of a remarkable good soil. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification. They are pleasantly situated along the great turnpike roads leading from Cupar to Dundee, St Andrews, and there are several beautiful situations for mansion-houses, on a dry soil, having a south exposure, and commanding a delightful prospect. Few situations are preferable for a sportsman. Two packs of hounds are kept in Cupar, and the neighbouring country abounds with game. In the water of Eden, in the immediate neighbourhood, there is excellent fishing. The proprietor has right to a considerable part of the area of the church of Cupar, which was built within these few years, and is in complete repair. The lands are presently under lease, but the tack of about 77 acres will expire at Martinmas, 1801, and of the remainder, at Martinmas, 1813.

The whole lands, with the freehold qualification, will be set up together, or in the following lots, as purchasers may incline.

LOT I. THE FARM of MIDDLEFIELD, consisting of about 65 acres.

II. That FIELD lying in the fine bank at the top of the avenue, lately possessed by Andrew Christie, consisting of about 11 acres.

III. THE PARK immediately betwixt the preceding Lot and the high road, consisting of about 10 acres.

IV. THE PARK lying immediately to the west of the preceding lot, consisting of about 12 acres.

V. THE PARK adjoining thereto, upon the west, consisting of about six acres.

VI. THAT LARGE PARK, new divided into two, with a stone and lime dyke, consisting of about 16 acres.

VII. That other PARK, immediately to the north of the preceding one, inclosed also with a stone and lime dyke, consisting of about 12 acres.

If the property be disposed of in lots, the freehold qualification will be exposed either by itself, or along with any particular lot, as purchasers may incline, and the seats in the church will be proportioned among the different lots.

At same time will be exposed to sale, the FOLLOWING HOUSES in Cupar:—

I. That DWELLING-HOUSE, consisting of two storeys, lying in the close, leading from the Crossgate to the Kirkwynd of Cupar, possessed by Mrs Stewart and others.

II. These TWO HOUSES and YARDS, lying in the Bonny Gate of Cupar, possessed by Andrew Collin and David Niven. For further particulars, application may be made to John Osburn Brown, W.S. or James Thomson, writer in Cupar.

BY ADJOURNMENT.  
SALE OF LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES In the County of Dumfries.

On Thursday, the 30th day of January 1800, between the hours of one and three afternoon, there will be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffehouse, Edinburgh,

THE LANDS of BROOMILL, lying in the parish of Lochaben, and near the Borough. They are bounded partly by the Broomill or Hallheads Lake, and partly by the River Annan and Water of Kinnel, in which the tenants exercise their right of Fishing Salmon and Trout within the extent of the lands. The lands are about 262 acres, and they are possessed by four tenants, who pay 120l. of rent, under leases which expire at Whitsunday 1814. They are pleasantly situated, and very improvable. They hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 172 merks.

II.—A DALE of CROFT LAND, and a STABLE, BARN, and YARD in the Borough Roads of Lochaben, presently possessed by John Miller and Robert Jardine.

III.—A SKAIR in Brow or Ward Part of the Ten Pound Land of Annan, and lying in the immediate vicinity of the town of Annan, possessed by John Smith.

IV.—The following FEU-DUTIES of LANDS and HOUSES in and about the Town of Annan, viz.

1. The Lands of Monnie's Close. Few-Duty, Sterling. L. 2 12 9

2. The Houses possessed by William Elliot. 2 13 0

3. The Houses possessed by the late Geo. Palmer. 5 0 0

4. Houses possessed by William Stewart's disponers. 5 0 0

5. Houses possessed by the said William Stewart's disponers. 2 0 0

V.—THE SUPERIORITIES of the following LANDS, and FEU-DUTIES payable for the same, viz.

1. Robgill, Broadie, and Blackyet, in the parish of Dornock. L. 13 13 4

N.B.—These give a Freehold Qualification on the old extent.

2. Dunninghill, in the parish of Cumbernauld. 0 1 4-12

3. Moosknow and Righeds, in the parish of Kirkpatrick-Fleming. 2 2 8-12

4. Steadhill, Herdhill or Hardhill, in the same parish. 0 4 8-12

5. Todlemuir, in the parish of Lochaben. 4 14 8-12

6. Northfield, Hardgills, and Gullielands, in the parish of Annan. 0 6 8

The land will be shown by the tenants; and for further particulars application may be made to Mr William Stewart at Hillside, near Lockerbie; Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh; or Mr Crawford Tait, W.S. Edinburgh.—The articles of roup, title-deeds, and plans of the lands, will be shown by Mr Tait.

Those wishing to purchase by private bargain, may give in their offers betwixt and 1st day of sale.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain,) within the Royal Exchange Coffehouse in Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 17th day of December next, betwixt the hours of two and three in the afternoon.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of KIRKMICHAEL, with the Village thereof, and certain other Lands and Superiorities within the parish of Kirkmichael, and county of Perth, belonging to William Farquharson, Esq. of Monaltrie.

These lands and superiorities afford a Freehold Qualification in the county of Perth. They are of considerable extent, and capable of great improvement. The rental is about 300l. Sterling per annum, and the tacks are valued and exhausted.

For further particulars application may be made to the proprietor at Balmoral, by Kincardine-Onie, or to Charles Mackintosh, W.S. who will show the progress of writes, rental, and articles of roup, &c.—Offers for a sale by private bargain will be received by the proprietor, or the said Charles Mackintosh, before the day of roup.

N.B.—The greatest part of the price may, (if agreeable to the purchaser,) remain in his hands for some years.

VALUABLE FARMS OF SOUTHESK, IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR, TO LET.

THE following FARMS to be Let for such a number of years as shall be agreed upon:

1. HAUGHS OF KINNARD, containing upwards of 225 acres of arable land, besides valuable pasture. This farm lies between Brechin and Montrose; the soil, situation, climate, access to markets and manure, are what a taxman should wish for. The dwelling house and farm offices are good and commodious.

2. POWIS, containing about 180 acres arable.—This farm is in a high state of cultivation, having been lately limited at the rate of 50 bolls shells to the acre, consists of a desirable proportion of clay and black ground. The houses in complete repair. The distance from Montrose three miles, and only half a mile from a good pier, where grain is shipped and lime landed.

3. LIGHTON HILLS, containing about 180 acres arable, besides a large field of good pasture.

4. COLDCOATS, about 80 acres.

These two farms are situated about half way between Brechin and Montrose.

Apply to Mr Greenhill, at Old Montrose, by Montrose, who has power to give every encouragement to good tenant.

ESTATE OF COLINTON TO BE SOLD.  
To be Sold, within the Royal Exchange Coffehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 22nd day of December next, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS and BARONY of COLINTON, lying in the Parish of Colinton, and Shire of Edinburgh.

The Estate will be exposed together, or in lots, as follows:—

LOT I.—To consist of the Inclosures adjoining to the Lands of Redford, on the west side of the road from Colinton to Edinburgh, consisting of 71 acres, three roads, twenty falls, or thereby, English measure.

LOT II.—To consist of the Inclosures adjoining to the Lands of Redford, lying on the south side of the road from Edinburgh to Colinton, consisting of 86 acres, 1 road, 24 falls, or thereby.

LOT III.—To consist of the Inclosures lying on the east side of Patters Road, adjoining to the Lands of Redhall and Craiglockhart, consisting of 33 acres, 2 roads, and 7 falls, or thereby.

LOT IV.—To consist of the Mansion-house and Grounds surrounding the same, with the Banks and Planting upon the water of Colinton, consisting of 84 acres, 1 road, and 28 falls.

LOT V.—The Paper Mill and Grounds presently set in tack to Mr John Balfour.

LOT VI.—The Barley Mill, with the Dwelling-house and Grounds presently possessed by Mr Fairbairn, at the rent of 70l. Sterling. The tack of this mill expires in four years, when a very considerable rise of rent may be got.

LOT VII.—The House and Buildings in the village of Colinton, possessed by Mr Wight, as a Magnesia Manufactory, at 11. 10s. of rent. This tack also expires in a few years, when a great addition of rent may be expected.

LOT VIII.—The Superiority of the foresaid Lands, and of a Small proportion of the Lands of Pilrig, affording together a Freehold Qualification in the County of Mid-Lothian, to which there is feu-duty attached of 4l. 9s. Sterling.

This Estate contains more natural beauties than perhaps any property in Scotland. On each of the first four Lots there are fine situations for building. The grounds lie within three miles of Edinburgh, and the roads are remarkably good.

Intending purchasers may apply to William Dallas, W.S. who will show the title-deeds, plan, and rentals. Mr Dallas has power to conclude a private bargain, betwixt and the day of sale, either for the whole or any of the Lots.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUN.  
Within the Royal Exchange Coffehouse, upon Wednesday 18th of December 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two, LOT I. THAT TENEMENT of LAND in the Caltonhill of Edinburgh, being the eastmost but one, and consisting of Three Storeys, besides the Garret Storey, with the Area, Cellars, and Pertinents, which belonged to the deceased ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, merchant in Edinburgh, as the same is presently possessed by Mr Schaw, Miss Brown, and Mess. Berry, at a cumulo rent of 24l. Sterling.

In case no offers are made for this tenement in one lot, in order to accommodate purchasers, it will be exposed to sale in three different lots.

LOT II.—That LAIGH HOUSE or GROUND STOREY of the Tenement of Land near the north end of Nicolson's Street, which was some time ago built by James Reikie, writer in Edinburgh, with the Vaulted Cellar, Garret-room, and Pertinents, presently possessed by Mr Rutherford, baker, at 21l. Sterling yearly rent. And along with this lot there will be sold, the Tack of a Bakehouse adjoining thereto, current to Whitsunday 1808, also possessed by Mr Rutherford, at the yearly rent of 3l. Sterling.

LOT III.—That GREAT VAULT, with the BACK VAULT and CELLAR, at the head of Dickson's Close, presently possessed by Mr Henderson, grocer, at 30l. Sterling yearly rent. This vault and cellar is at present under lease for 19l. Sterling of rent, but the lease expires at Whitsunday 1804.

LOT IV.—That HOUSE and GARDEN on the south side of the Town of Lasswade, presently possessed by Adam Walker, baker, at 21l. Sterling, upon a tack for nineteen years from Whitsunday 1797.

The progress of writes, with the articles of sale, may be seen by applying to Robert Stewart, writer, Old Bank Close.

LANDS IN FIFE FOR SALE.  
To be Sold by Private Bargain.

THE TOWN and LANDS of KINNINMOND, with the MILL of BALDOWIE, and Mill Lands, Maltures, and Sequels, lying within the parish of Ceres, and county of Fife. These lands consist of about 367 acres, conform to an accurate plan and measurement thereof. They are almost all arable, are of an excellent quality, and are capable of carrying very heavy crops of wheat, and all other kinds of grain. About 150 acres, with a steading of houses, are presently in the hands of the proprietor, and to which a purchaser can have immediate entry. This farm may be completely inclosed by a very trifling expence being laid out in repairing the present fences. Upwards of 90 acres, with the mill and a steading of houses, are let at a very moderate rent to a substantial tenant, for five crops from Martinmas 1799, and this farm is already all inclosed, and the tenant is bound to keep and leave the fences in good repair. The remainder of the lands, which are partly inclosed, are let on a lease current only to Martinmas 1800, and are also extremely low rented.

The whole of these lands are still capable of great improvement, which can be accomplished at a small expence, as a lime work of excellent quality immediately adjoins the property, and a good coal is working in the neighbourhood. They abound with stones of a good quality for inclosing, and every field is well watered. The mill has been well employed for some years, and is in good repair. The lands are favourably situated with respect to markets, being within three miles of Cupar, the county town, and the turnpike road from that place to the coast of Fife passes close by them. In short, a more desirable property of the same extent, either for improvement, or as being a subject that may be let to great advantage, seldom will be found in the neighbourhood; and as the annual value put upon the lands is by no means above the rate at which lands of a like quality are just now let in the county, the price at which they will be sold will of course be in proportion to that value.

These lands hold fen of a subject superior, for payment of a considerable feu-duty, but the superior frees the vassal of cess, minister's stipend, and other public burdens.

The title-deeds, and a plan and measurement of these lands, are in the hands of Mr James Laidlaw, clerk to the signet, to whom application may be made for further particulars.

# COUNTY OF FIFE.

Mill, Mill Lands, and Station for Machinery and Blacksmiths.

To be Let for such a number of years as can be agreed upon, THE MILL and MILL LANDS of AUCHMUTIE, in the parish of Markinch, and county of Fife.—The mill lands consist of twenty Scots acres, and as they lie along the south bank of the river of Leven, possess the command of the whole water in that river, and have the advantage of a fall of considerable height. There are few situations better adapted, either for stations for Machinery, or for Bleachfields. They will be let either in one or more lots, as offerers shall incline.

The mill and mill lands are situated in the immediate vicinity of the coal-works of Balbirnie, where there is a plentiful supply of coal at a cheap rate, about one English mile from the populous and thriving villages of Leslie and Markinch, about eight miles from Kirkcaldy, and four from Dysart, and at the distance of a quarter of a mile from the great road leading from Kirkcaldy to Cupar.

Further information will be got upon applying to Mr Robert Beaton of Pitcairne, near Kinghorn, or Craigmillar, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; to whom offers may be made betwixt and the 1st day of February next, when the subjects will be let.

Nov. 1799.

FARM IN THE COUNTY OF PEEBLES.  
TO BE LET.  
For such a number of years as can be agreed upon, THE Valuable FARM of WAKEFIELD, lying in the parish of Linton, and county of Peebles, as presently possessed by William Paterson. The entry to the Farm to commence at Whitsunday next.

The tenants on the lands will show the farm.  
For further particulars application may be made to Crauford Tait, W.S. Edinburgh, with whom offers may be lodged on or before the 1st of March.

From the Right Hon. the LORD CHIEF BARON of England, To MR CHING, Apothecary, Chesham, near St Paul's.

SIR,  
I do you the justice of acquainting you, that my son has derived very material benefit from your WORM MEDICINE. Having been attacked by worms above a year in the most formidable manner, and attended by a physician of great skill, my own personal friend, I ventured, but not without acquainting him, to administer your Medicine;—the consequence was, that my son was relieved from a LOAD which cannot with propriety be described, but which appeared to be the nest of these pernicious animals;—and I further acquaint you, that from the ease and efficacy of the operation of your Medicine, I am encouraged to repeat it, if I perceive any of those symptoms with which I am well acquainted from very disagreeable experience. I have also recommended your Medicine to my friends, particularly a family with which I am nearly connected, where it has done very great service; and when we meet I shall acquaint you with more instances in which it has been attended with perfect success, especially among poor children.—I am, Sir,

Duke Street, Westminster. Your very obedient Servant, Nov. 12. 1798. AR. MACDONALD.

From E. W. MASTON, Esq. Hedley-Hall, Northumberland, To MR CHING, Apothecary, Chesham, London.

SIR,  
I am happy to inform you that my daughter, aged eighteen years, has derived the most surprising benefit from your WORM MEDICINE. She had long been weakly, pale, and emaciated; and though she felt an appetite to eat, yet the sight of meat was disgusting to her. Our best medical men differed in their opinions respecting her disorder; one pronounced it a chlorosis, another strong tendency to an atrophy; but my apothecary conjectured it might arise from worms; and having heard the highest character of your Worm Lozenges, recommended a trial of them, which, in a very short time, evinced their efficacy, and removed her complaints.—Gratitude impels me to the propriety of troubling you with this, which you are at liberty to use in any manner you please.

With great regard to you, I am, Sir, May 26. 1799. Your obedient humble Servant, E. W. MASTON.